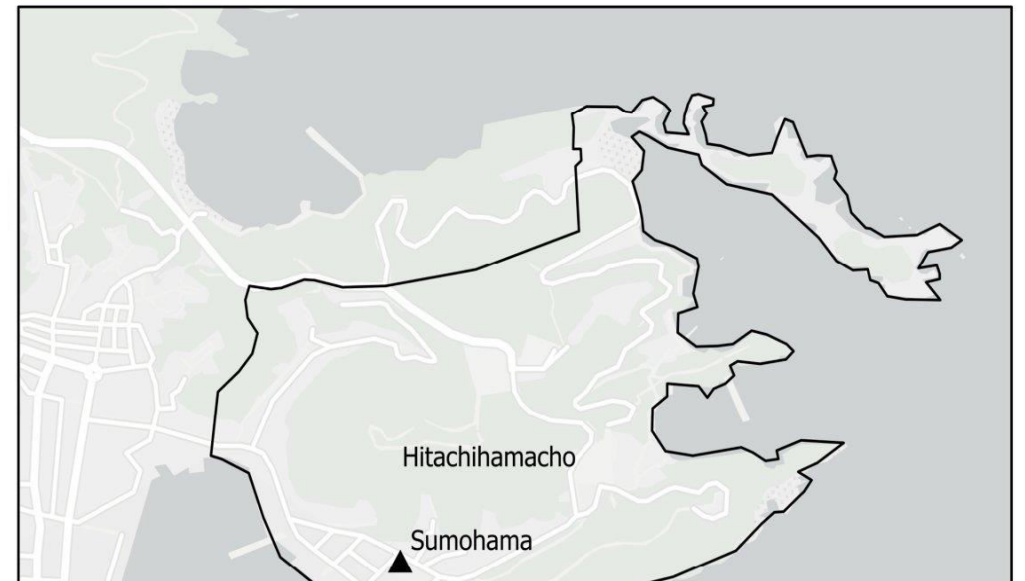
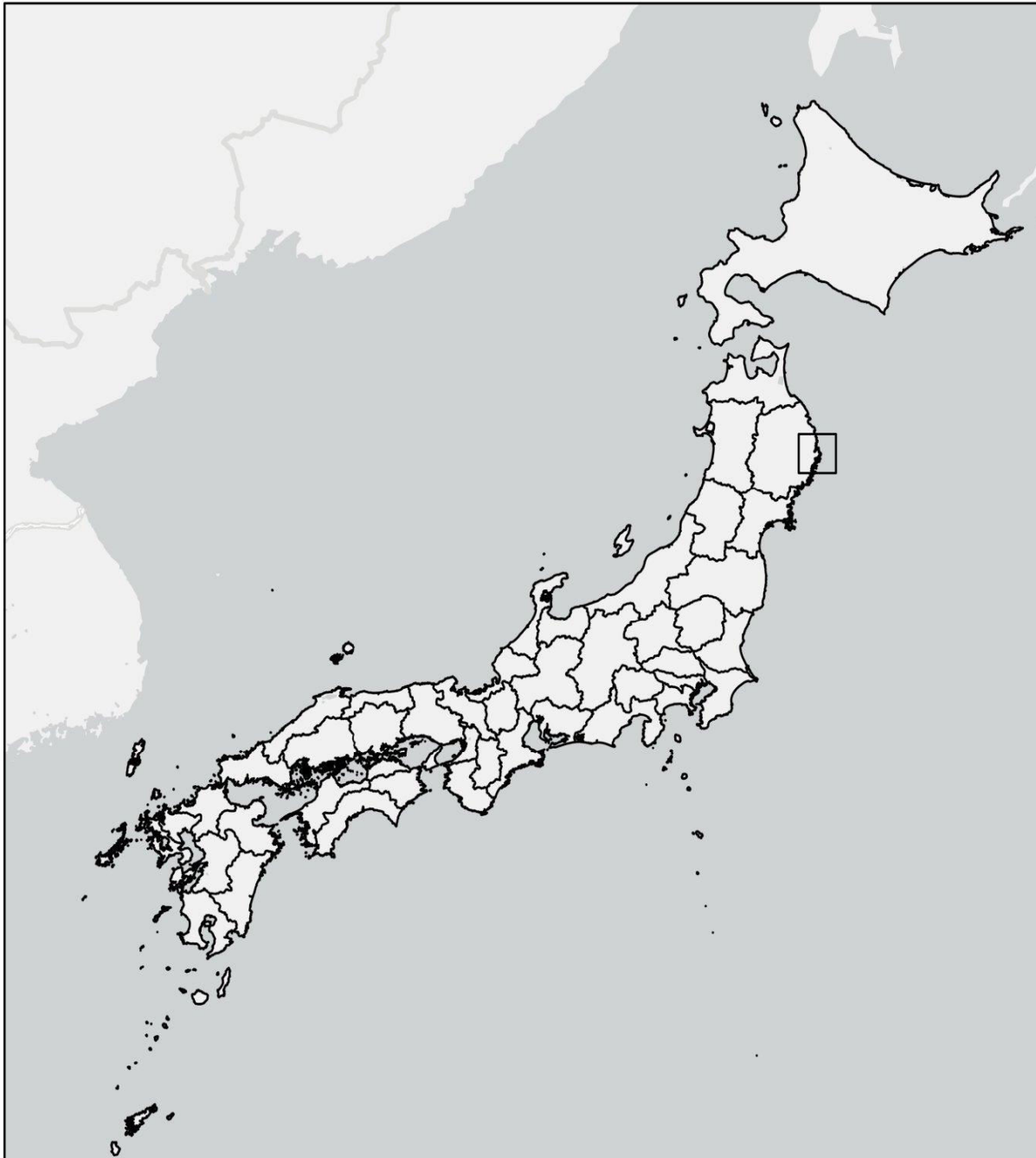


# Essential but unseen: The role of social capital and social infrastructure in shocks

Daniel P. Aldrich

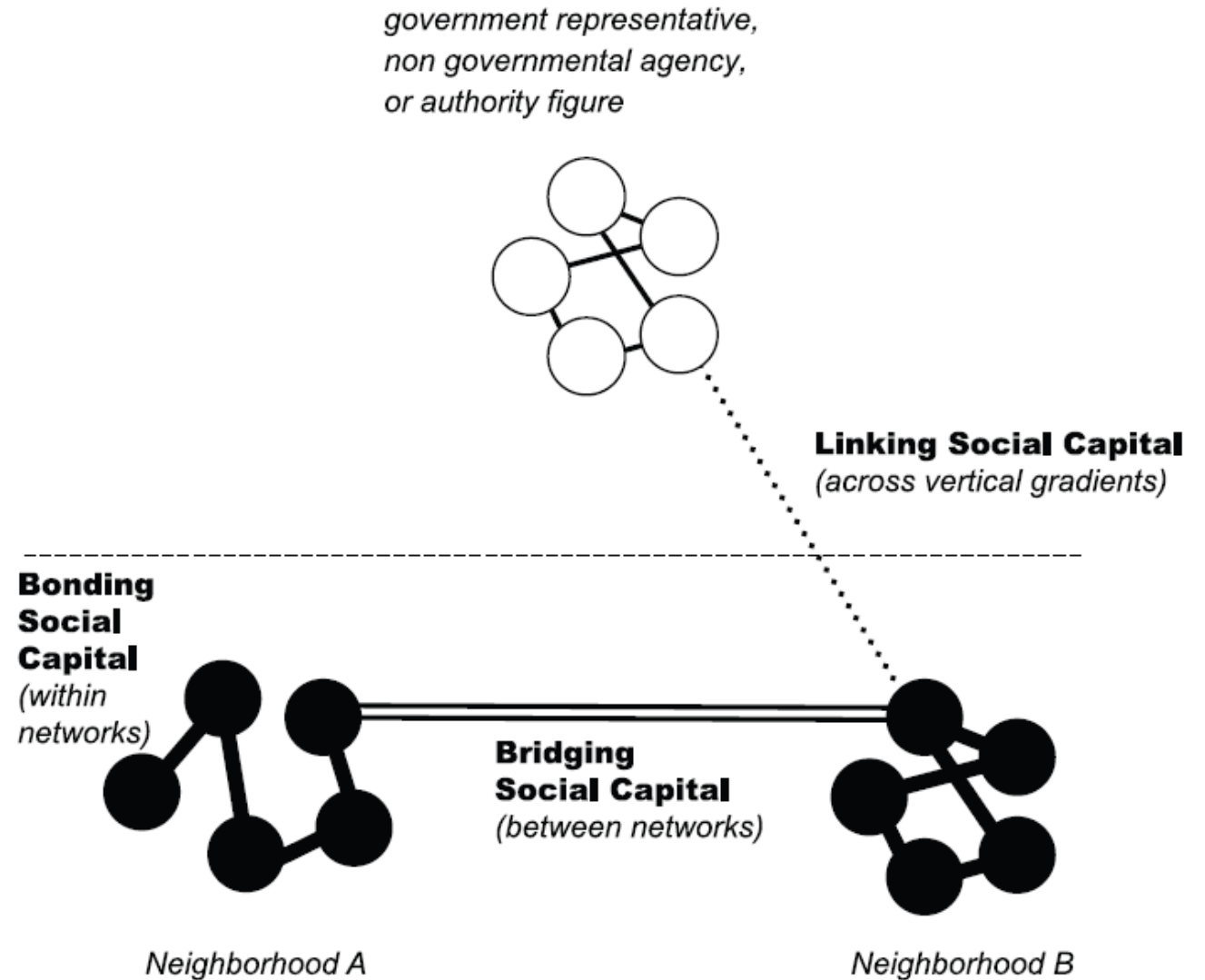
[daniel.aldrich@gmail.com](mailto:daniel.aldrich@gmail.com)

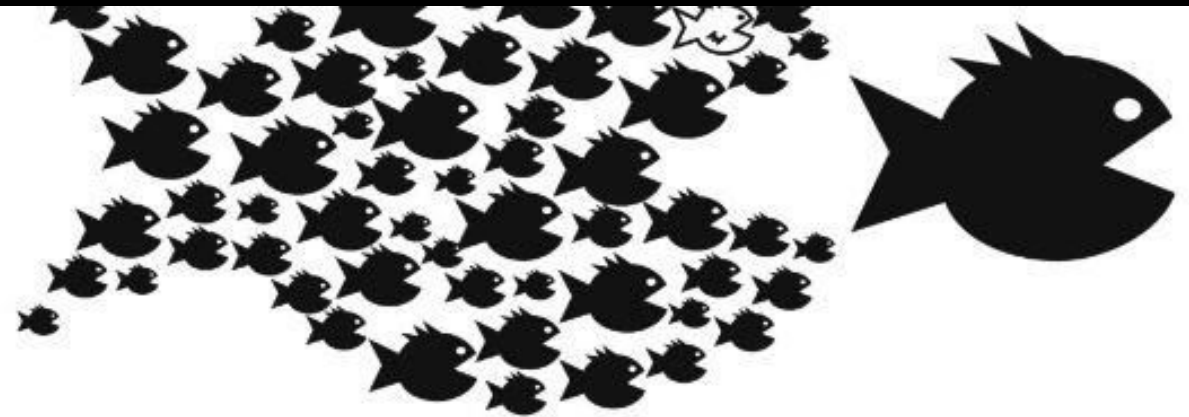
Twitter @DanielPAldrich





# Bonding, bridging, and linking ties





**ORGANIZE!**

# THIRD PLACES

A Very VERY Short Introduction

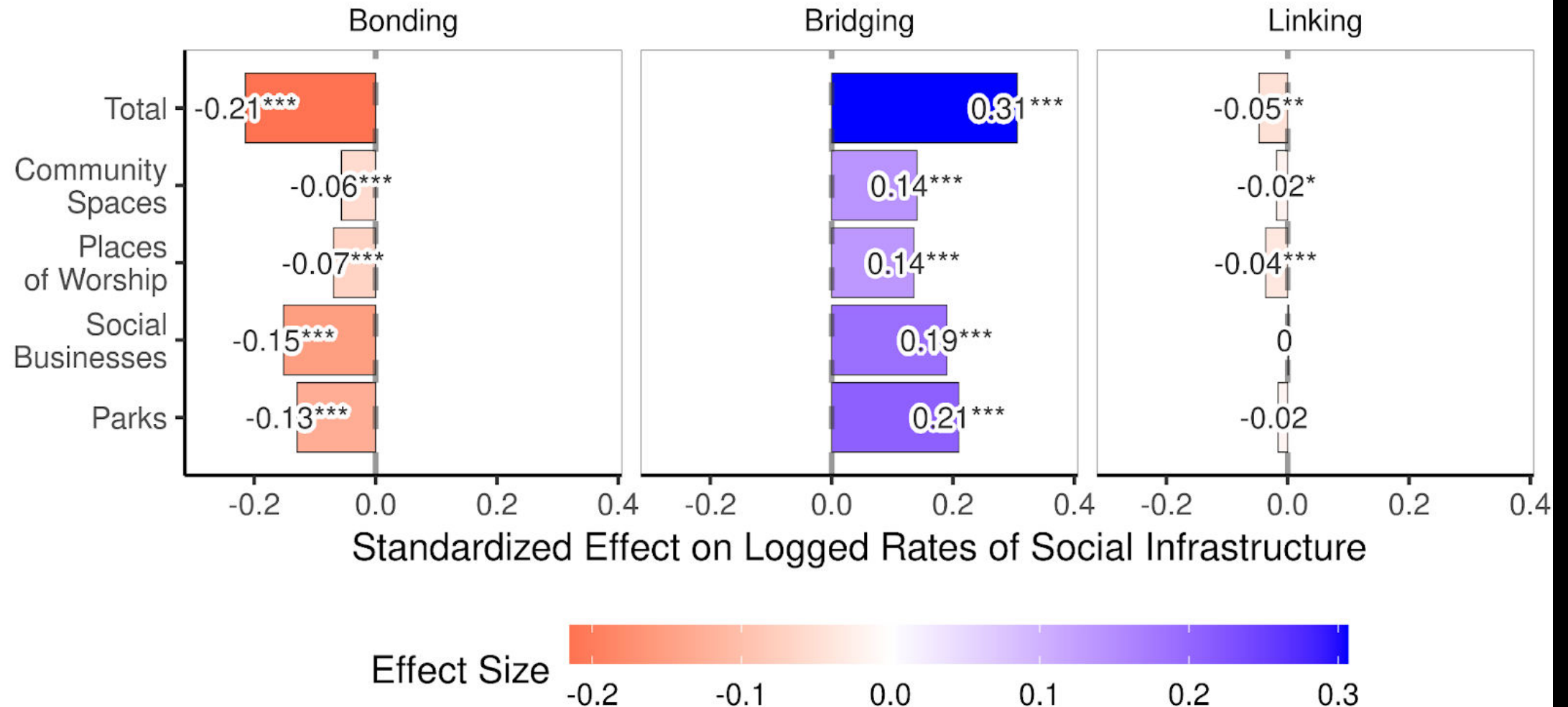
RAY OLDENBURG  
and  
KAREN CHRISTENSEN



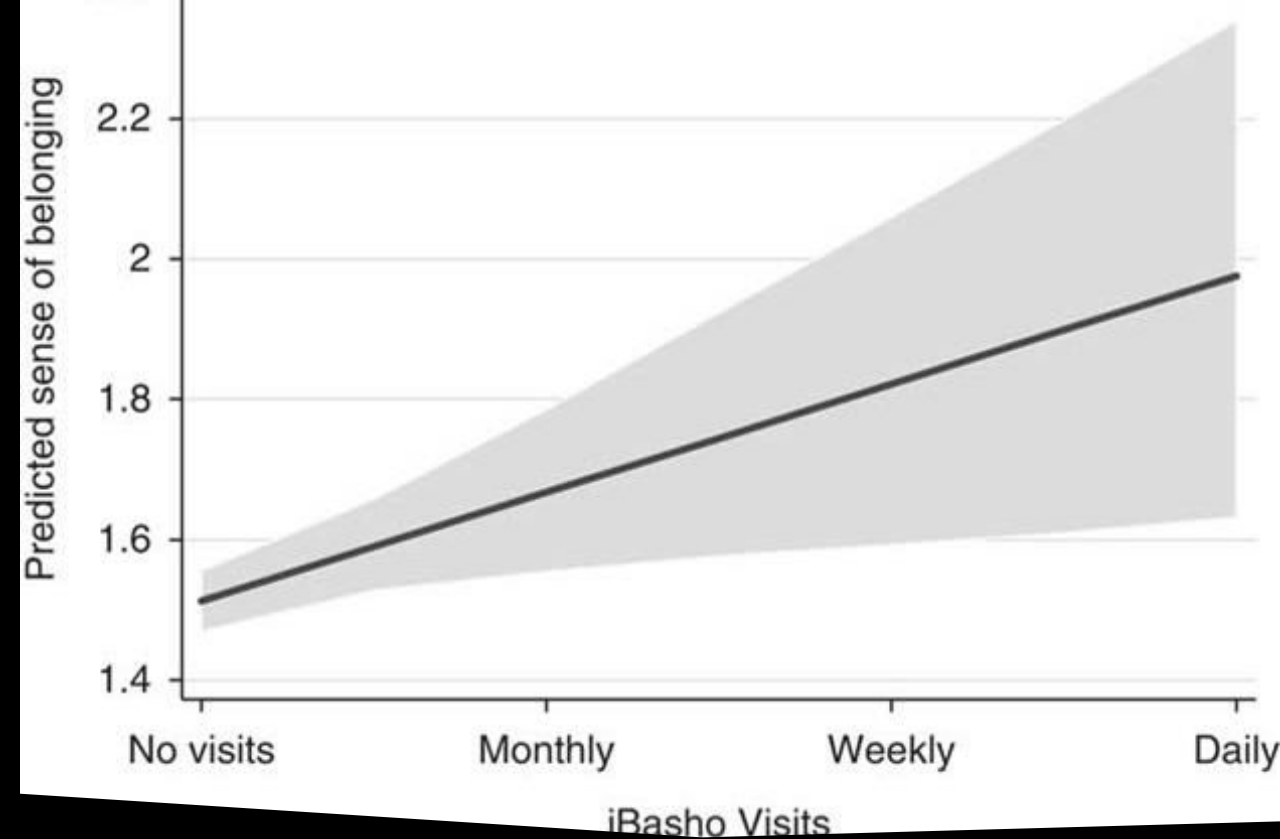
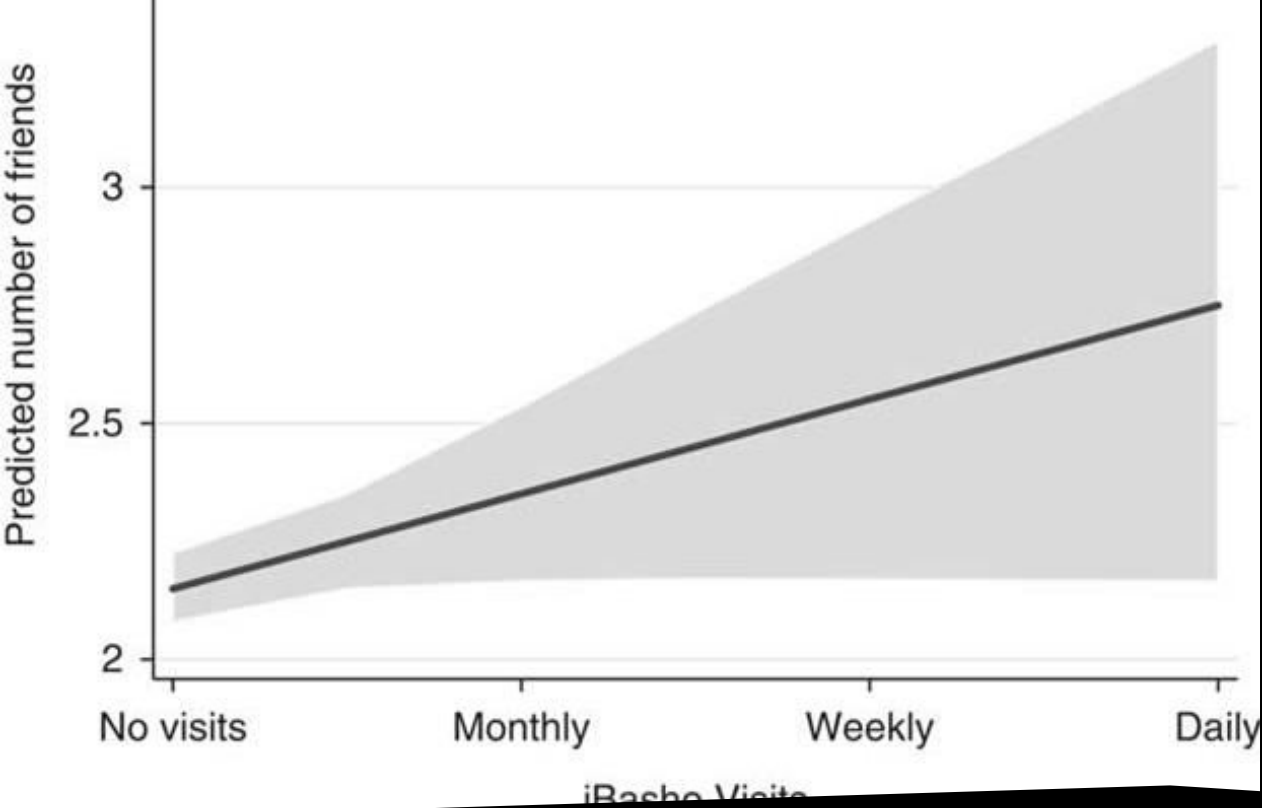
Intellectual foundations  
of social infrastructure



# Social infrastructure builds bridging ties



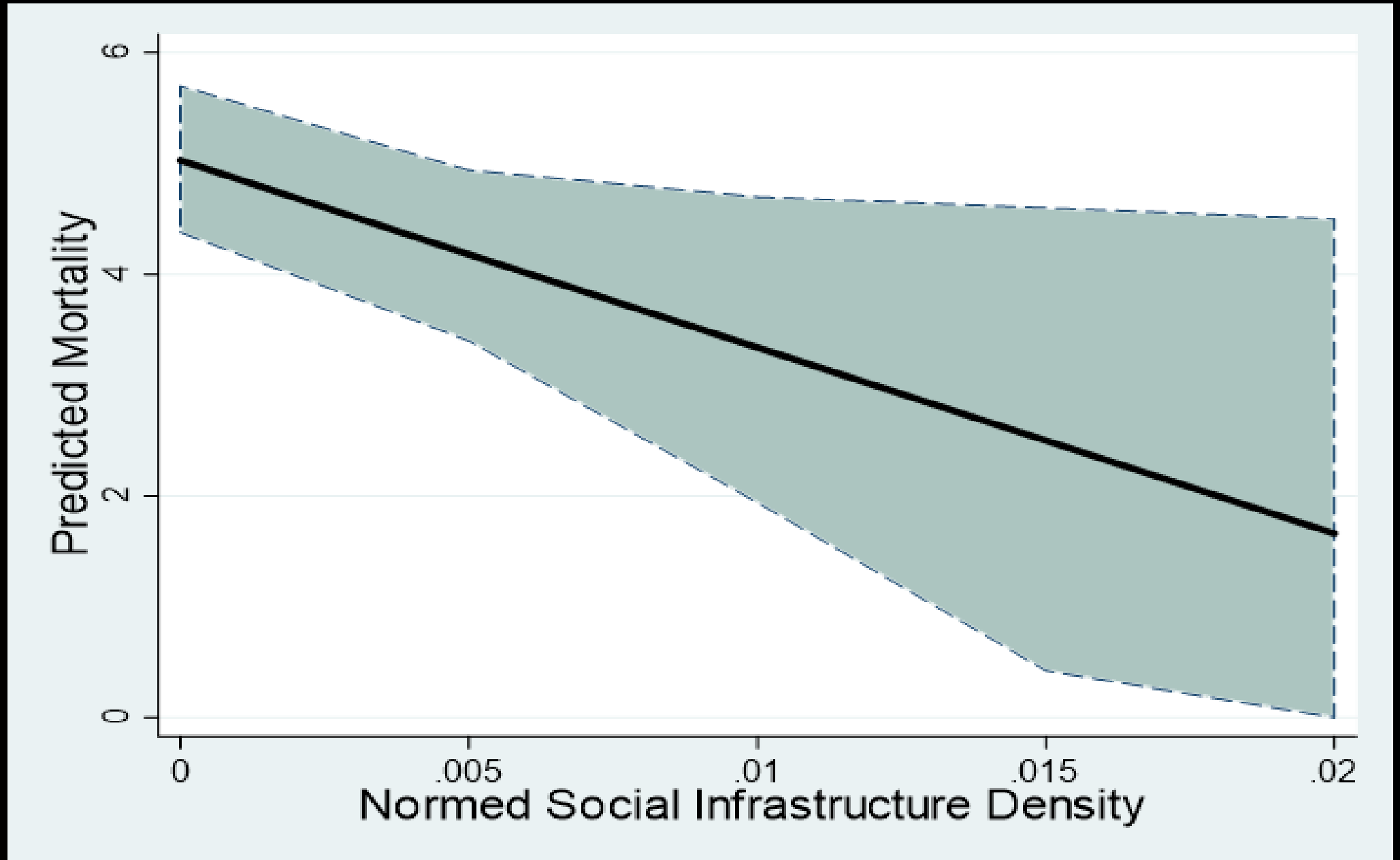




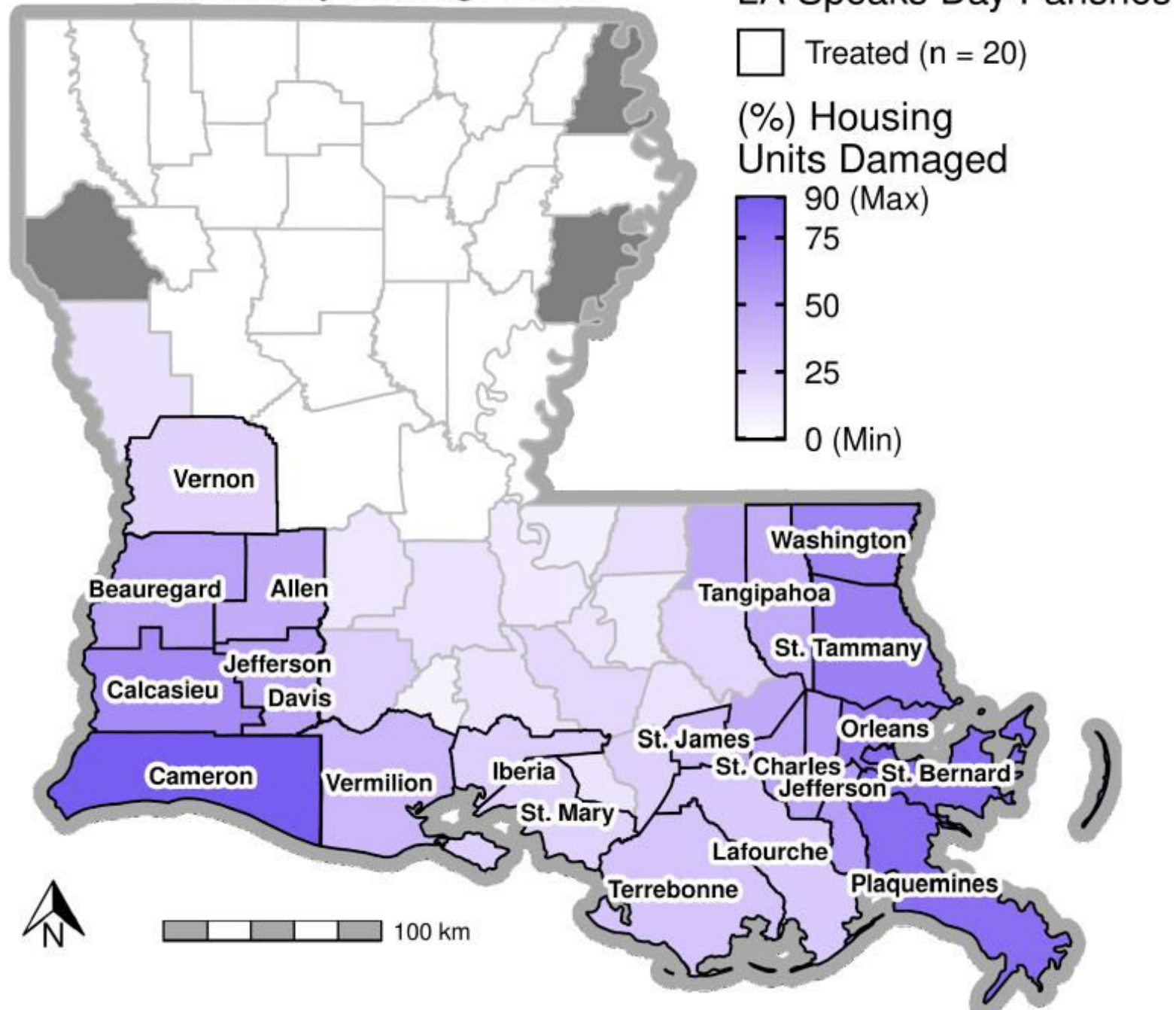
Ibasha –social infrastructure - broadens networks and deepens efficacy



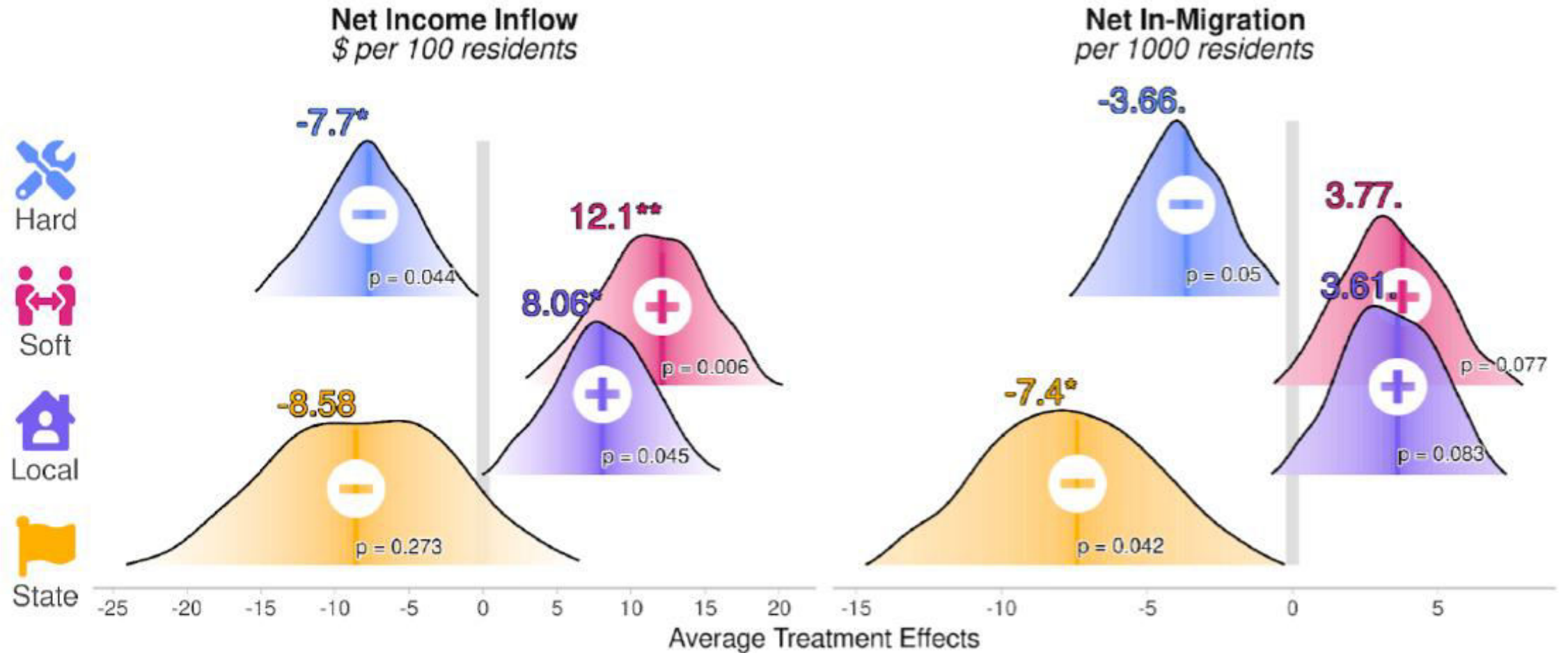
## Communities with more social infrastructure saw fewer deaths



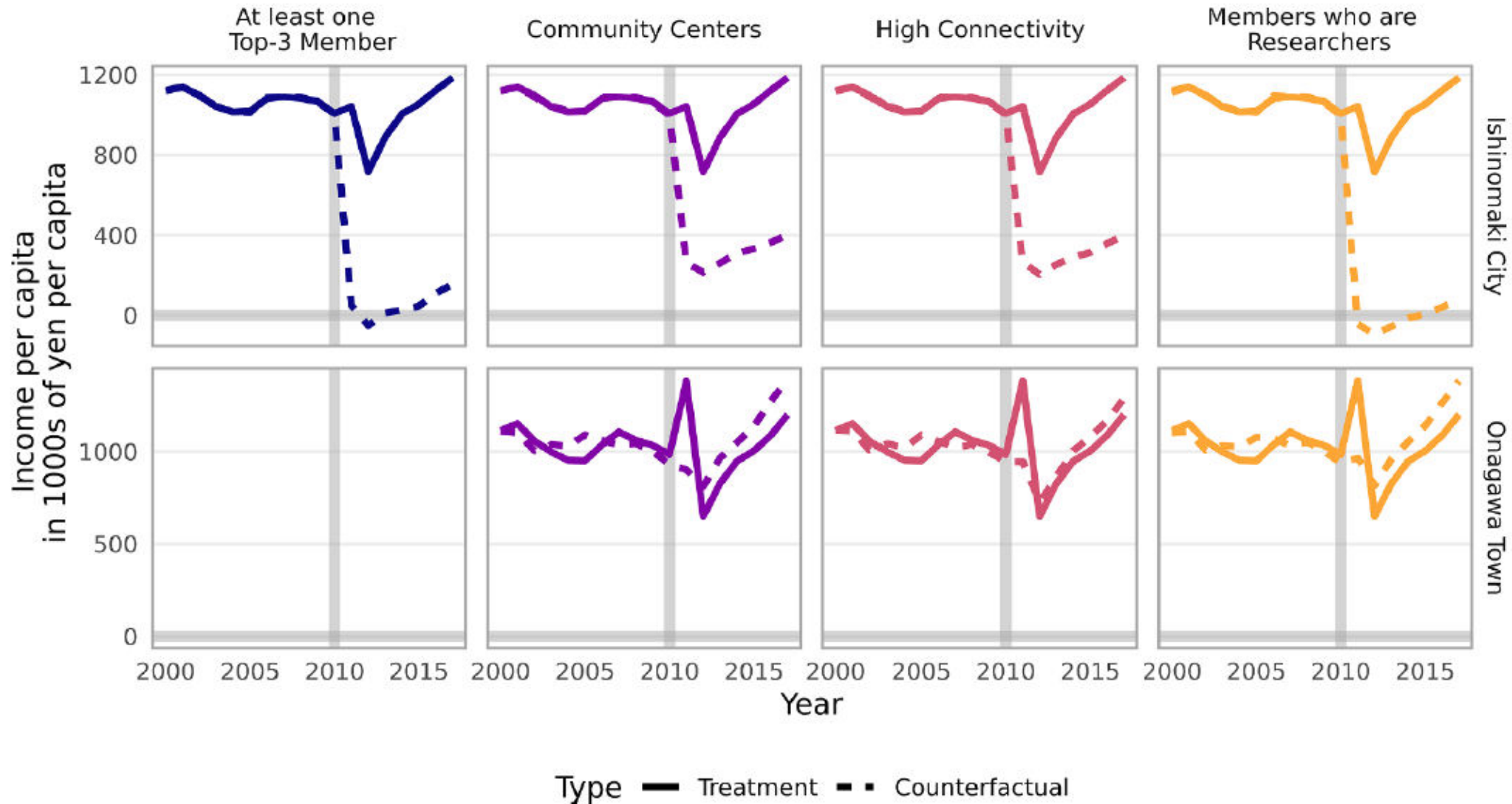
## Parishes by Damage Level



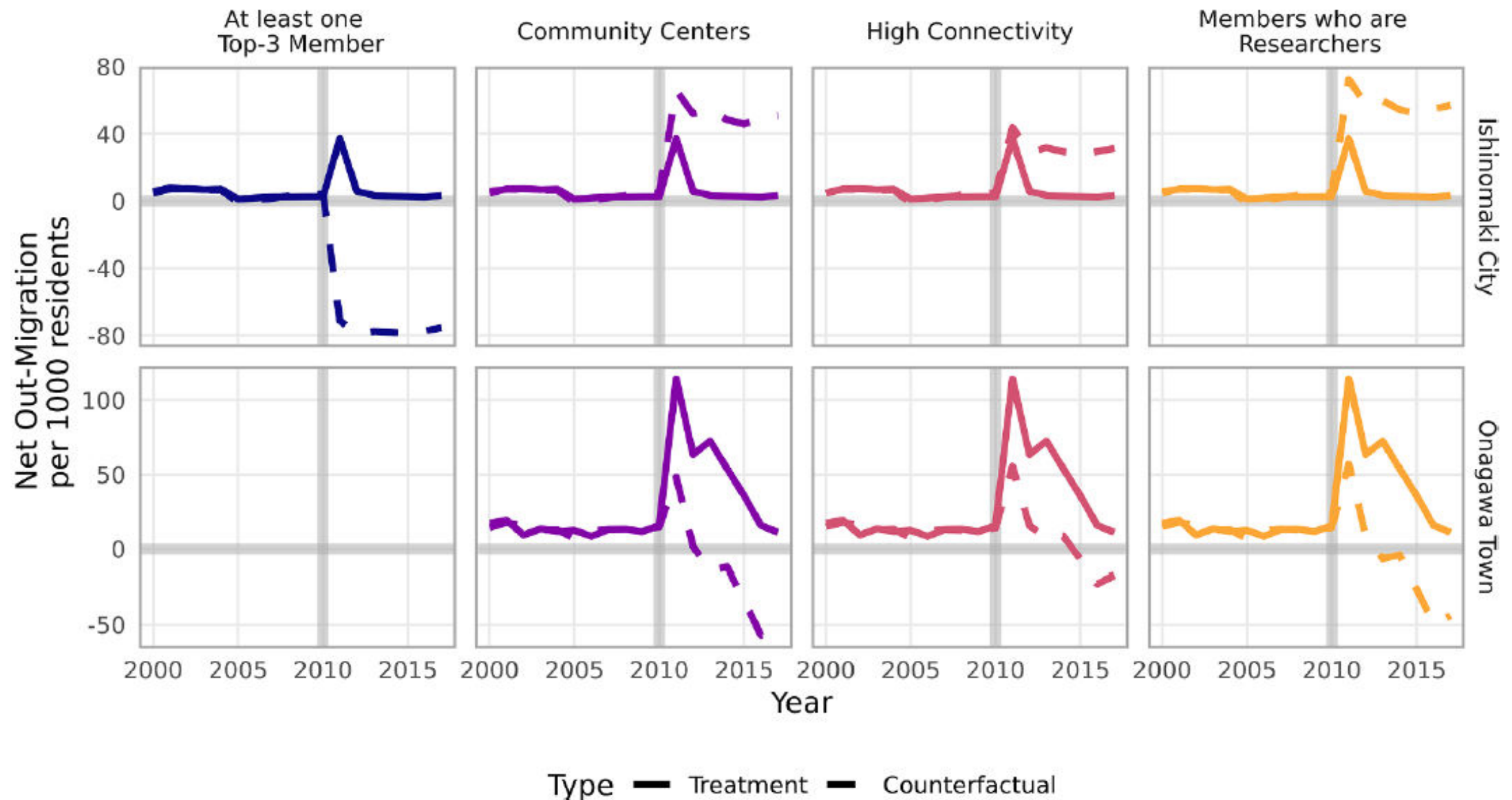
## Average Treatment Effects of Policy Toolkits



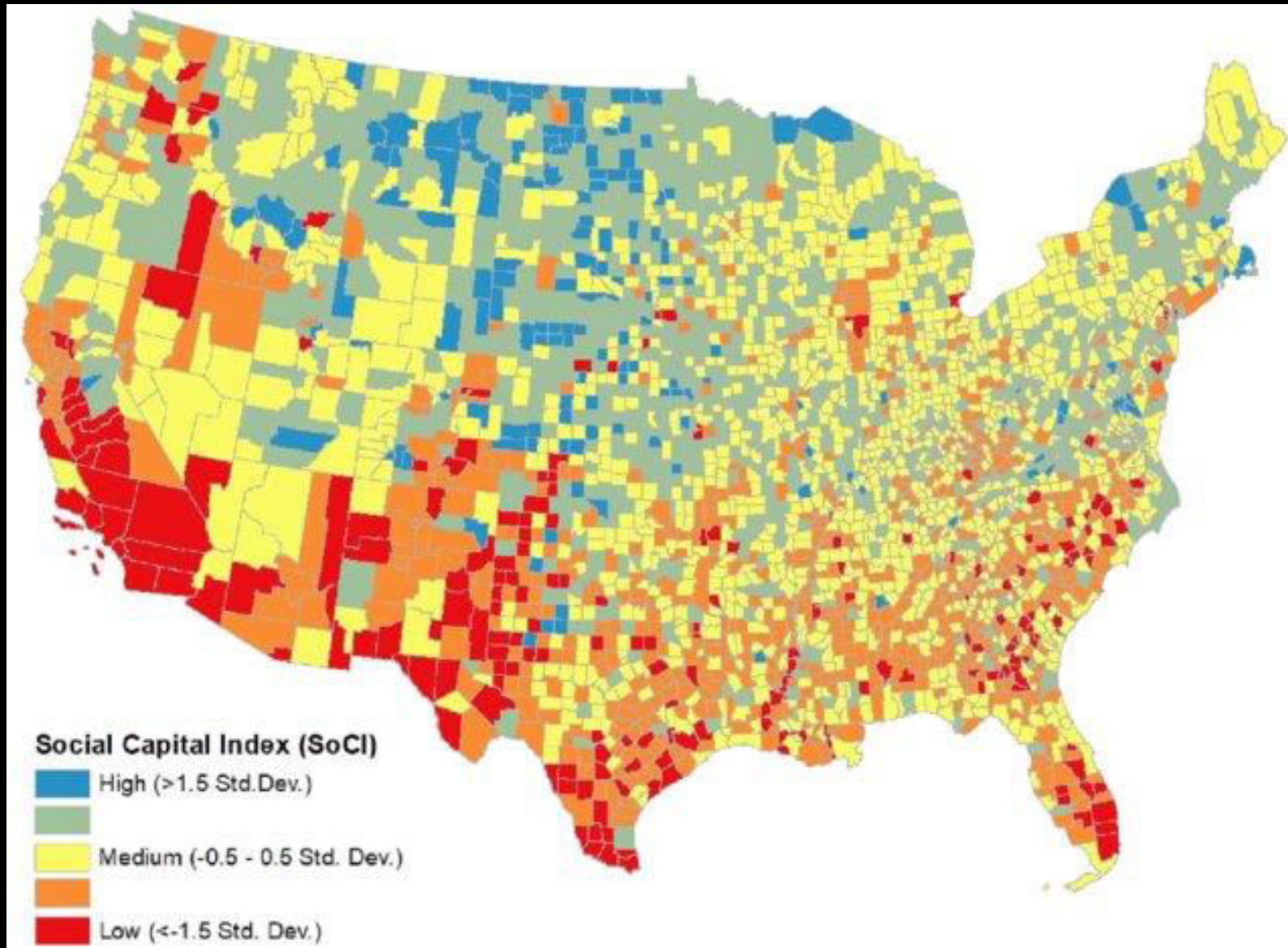
# Social Infrastructure Drives Economic Recovery



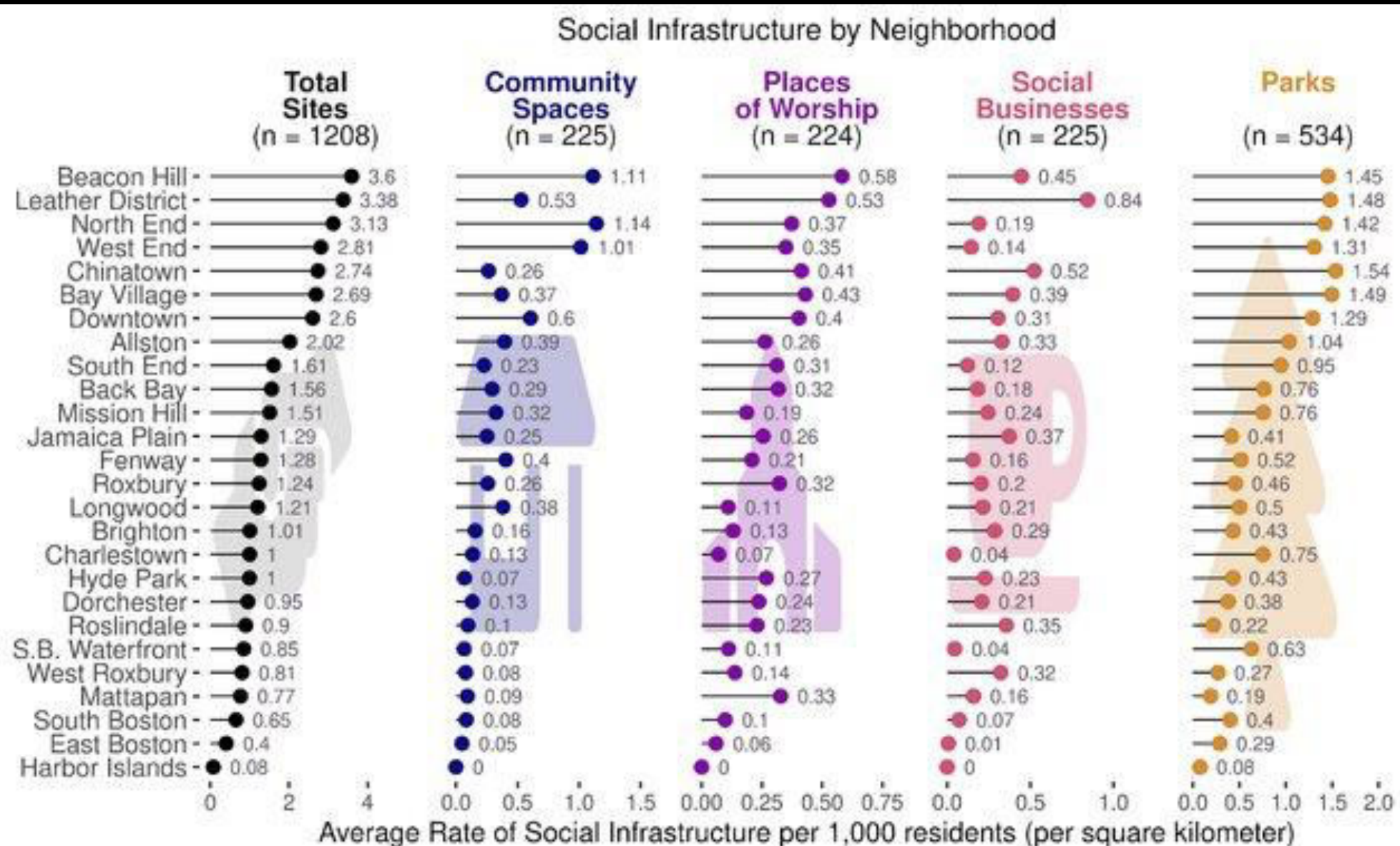
# Social Infrastructure Helps Population Recovery



# Lack of systematic data on social infrastructure



# Uneven distribution of social infrastructure



Huge imbalance  
between  
physical and  
social  
infrastructure  
investment

## Rating of Disaster Reduction Activities in Public Reconstruction Budget

Revival  
Basic  
Policy

- To Place the Most Importance on prevention life from being lost, even if the disaster Happened.
- Community Development, Assuming evacuation
- “Multiple Defence” combining physical infrastructure development and knowledge-oriented measures

“SOFT”  
Tsunami  
Prevention

¥65,200,000,000

Decision of Evacuation Plan,  
Assignment of Shelters,  
Tsunami Information Collecting Device

“HARD”  
Tsunami  
Prevention

¥1,343,300,000,000

Embankme

Public Budget for Reconstruction : 25 trillion Yen (5years total)

(Yen) 0

5,000

10,000

15,000

(Ref) Audit Report of the operation situation of Reconstruction work from 3.11 East Japan Disaster , (2017.4.12) the Board of Au

# Conclusions

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Societies fall back on building and rebuilding physical infrastructure but overlook social infrastructure



Social businesses, community spaces, parks, and places of worship are underappreciated for their ability to build bridging social infrastructure



Communities with better access to these gathering places have more resilience to shocks



Our societies underinvest in these facilities, distribute them unequally, and cut their funding first