

T4-A1 Identifying and defining landscape dryness thresholds for fires

**EOI Project Briefing** 

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# What we'll cover today

- Introductions
- About NHRA and AFAC PSG
- Project background and objectives
- Project components
- Governance and reporting
- EOI process



## Introductions



**Thomas Duff**Senior Research Scientist,
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**Blythe McLennan** Node Research Manager, NHRA

Please introduce yourself in chat



## Natural Hazards Research Australia

- → The Centre commenced operating on 1 July 2021:
  - \$85 million over 10 years from the Commonwealth
  - Plus partner contributions
- → The core objectives of the Centre are to:
  - Protect human life and minimise harm and suffering
  - Contribute to developing and supporting wellprepared and resilient communities
  - Invest in research that translates into action





# AFAC Predictive Services Group

- → Strategic advisory group to the AFAC Council on predictive services
- → The Group's strategic drivers are:
  - improving interoperability and sharing resources
  - leading innovation in science and technology
  - shared responsibility empowering communities to make decisions and make best use of the information available
  - develop national best practice and standards
  - harnessing projects and funding at a national level.







### Indicators of fire

- There is a huge range of metrics available representing fire potential
  - Modelled values
  - Proxies
  - Remotely sensed values
- Most of these have an undeniable physical link to fire behaviour
- Most of these have some kind of demonstrated correlation with fire
- How useful are they?



## Fit for Purpose??

- → Depends on what the purpose is....
- → Many approaches are being applied outside their development range
- → The is often more than one purpose
- E.g. For McArthur's Forest Fire Danger:
  - Suppressibility
  - Forward Rates of Spread
  - Intensity
  - Probability of any fires
  - Probability of uncontrollable fires
  - Severity (Drought Factor)

#### **KBDI**

- Is used as a dryness indicator in multiple
   Australian Models
- Developed in California for dryness of Duff fuels
- Account keeping using 200mm water 'bucket'
- Used in the calculation of Drought Factor
- Fuel Availability?



## Fit for Purpose??

- → Scientific evidence is not necessarily fit for decisions
- → For decision making:
  - Tolerance to error may vary
  - Overall model performance may be less important than ability to discriminate at key times
  - Generally need to predict the future
  - Consequences can be high
- → For robust decision making we need to know what our models are telling us





## What this project is seeking to do

- → Review and describe landscape dryness metrics
- → Determine the uses and decisions we're making using dryness metrics
- → For each decision, look at what our knowledge needs are (sensitivity to detecting an event etc.) and how well they are being filled by existing metrics
- → Make recommendations on how pathways for improvement



# **Expected outputs**

#### Core outputs

- Report on scoping study range of landscape dryness products available in Australia and overseas
- → An evaluation framework and plan that has been peer-reviewed
- Report on evaluation of landscape dryness products, including recommendations for operational use,
   limitations and any warranted changes in application
- Documented code, including data sources and detailed calculation methods, that can be used for replicating dryness products
- → Final project report, including identification of future research opportunities
- → Regular engagement with project technical working group and the AFAC PSG
- → Minimum of one academic manuscript prepared for high-ranking international journal

Please detail other innovative outputs that your team can deliver to address the outcomes below.

#### Additional outputs

- → Project plan and plain language statement
- → Quarterly progress reports
- → Project evaluation report
- Relevant communications outputs, including but not limited to a presentation and a poster



# Budget and timeframe

- → The total maximum budget is \$300,000
  - NB: EOIs are assessed on value for money and justification for funds requested
- → All work must be completed within 1.5 2 years





# Governance and reporting

### **Governance**

- One lead provider for contracting purposes
- Contract is with NHRA
- Project Management Committee
- Technical Working Group
- Regular meetings

### Reporting

- Project plan
- Milestone delivery
- Quarterly progress reports
- Project evaluation report
- Stakeholder presentations



# EOI process

Project and EOI information (including FAQs) is available on Centre website:

https://www.naturalhazards.com.au/research/research-projects/identifying-and-defining-landscape-dryness-thresholds-fires

**Centre contact** For any questions regarding this Call for EOIs, please

email research@naturalhazards.com.au

**Submission of EOI** EOIs must be prepared using the Centre's EOI

submission form

EOIs are to be submitted to

research@naturalhazards.com.au by 5pm (AEST) on

Wednesday 6 September 2023



# Making a submission

- → a statement of capability (max 600 words), including the proposed contributions of each research team member to the project
- → a statement (max 400 words) about the diversity of the project team
- → a statement (max 400 words) about the project's inclusion and respect of First Nations peoples, philosophies, cultures, rights and/or knowledges
- → an outline (max 800 words), describing how the project team intends to approach the project, including an indicative methodology
- → an indicative schedule of work and interim milestones/project outputs as described in this document
- → a proposed project budget, including details of any in-kind contribution from research organisation/s
- → a clear statement (max 400 words) describing the outcomes that will be delivered for this project and how they will be used by stakeholders
- a clear statement (max 400 words) describing the outputs that the proposed approach to this project will deliver and how the findings could translate into practice
- → a statement (max 500 words) demonstrating the project team's relevant stakeholder engagement
- → a risk management statement (max 500 words)
- → any requested changes to the Centre's proposed form of contract
- → up to two-page CVs for each proposed project team member.



# EOI assessment

Evaluation criterion	% weighting
Research capability: the capacity and capability to deliver an excellent research project in an Australian environment	20
<b>Project approach:</b> a demonstrated understanding of the project requirements and a proposed project approach and methodology that is appropriate, feasible and robust	25
<b>Project outcomes and outputs:</b> demonstrate a high-level understanding of the intentions of the project and how outputs/outcomes translate to practice	20
Industry engagement: strong track record of industry engagement with the ability to support and influence Australian disaster management at a national or state/territory level through interaction with key stakeholders	20
Value for money: delivery of required outcome within available budget along with the ability to leverage the funds provided with in-kind contributions or supplementary opportunities	15



