## What makes a good fire simulator?



#### **RESEARCH TEAM**

Hamish Clarke, The University of Melbourne Alex Filkov, The University of Melbourne Erica Marshall, The University of Melbourne Timothy Neale, Deakin University Kate Parkins, The University of Melbourne Trent Penman, The University of Melbourne

Project duration: 12 months

#### Background

Fire simulators are key tools that are relied on for high-consequence tactical and strategic decisions in all Australian states and territories. They are deeply integrated into the practices of fire management agencies, and in some cases, their use is relied upon for legislated reporting. They are also used by researchers, private industry and non-government agencies such as power companies and forest estate managers. Despite their widespread use, there are substantial knowledge gaps relating to how existing simulators are currently being used, the standards required to make simulators 'fit for purpose', and user priorities for simulator improvement or development. These questions go beyond the accuracy of any individual simulator. Guidance is needed to support the development – and use - of a range of models and use cases.

#### SUPPORTING ORGANISATIONS

Country Fire Authority NSW Rural Fire Service AFAC

### Project description

The overall aim of this project is to support the continued development and use of fire simulators, by understanding the nature of current usage.

This social research project aims to undertake a deep engagement process within the sector to understand better 'what makes a good fire simulator?'. This involves talking to the varied users of fire simulators to understand what they are used for and how, along with their perceptions of strengths, weaknesses, gaps and needs. The project will provide guidance on how we can improve systems to benefit all users in the future. In particular, the research aims to provide information tailored to specific use cases, against which development decisions can be evaluated.

## Intended outcomes

Primary outcomes

- The use of project findings by AFAC Predictive Services to help refine Spark development and ensure it meets end-user needs
- The use of project findings by simulator users and developers to evaluate current practices and gaps, justify changes to simulators, guide the development of new versions of simulators and simulation methods and help interpret predictions and outputs.

Secondary outcomes

- An understanding of current drivers and effects of simulator use in Australia and a high-level understanding of the international context
- A clear set of standards to be used by simulator developers to ensure a robust and quality product
- An understanding of issues, gaps and priorities around the next generation of fire simulators
- Identification of pathways to expand this process to other natural hazard impact models.

Ultimately, this project will provide evidence to support investment in long-term programs for risk mitigation.

# Translation and implementation potential

This is a highly applied research project. Our findings about the nature of fire simulator use and the needs of users is intended to be fed directly to agencies and developers to support improved management outcomes.

They key implementation pathway is via a 'ready reckoner' that we plan to deliver for fire simulator users, featuring criteria for specific use cases, for which users can specify performance. However, we also expect end-users will benefit from other project outputs including a literature review on the use and development of fire simulators, and the results of interviews, workshops and questionnaires targeted at fire simulator users.

## Further information

For full project details head to: <u>https://www.naturalhazards.com.au/research/research-projects/what-makes-good-fire-simulator</u>

Or contact george.goddard@naturalhazards.com.au

#### © Natural Hazards Research Australia, 2022 Disclaimer:

Natural Hazards Research Australia advise that the information contained in this publication comprises general statements based on scientific research. The reader is advised and needs to be aware that such information may be incomplete or unable to be used in any specific situation. No reliance or actions must therefore be made on that information without seeking prior expert professional, scientific and technical advice. To the extent permitted by law, Natural Hazards Research Australia (including its employees and consultants) exclude all liability to any person for any consequences, including but not limited to all losses, damages, costs, expenses and any other compensation, arising directly or indirectly from using this publication (in part or in whole) and any information or material contained in it.

All material in this document, except as identified below, is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-Non-Commercial 4.0 International Licence.

 $\mathbf{\Theta}$ 

- Material not licensed under the Creative Commons licence → Natural Hazards Research Australia logo
  - → Any other logos
  - ightarrow All photographs, graphics and figures

All content not licenced under the Creative Commons licence is all rights reserved. Permission must be sought from the copyright owner to use this material.